

ACA Sovereign Canyoneer Skills Checklist

Goals: Train to become a competent and confident canyoneer, capable of making informed choices to optimize safety and experience.

NOTE: Skills Checklists are cumulative in nature. A successful Sovereign student will be capable in all skills from the 'Core' and Sovereign skills Checklist.

	DATE
Navigation, Beta, Weather	<u> </u>
Use GPS to determine current location, mark waypoints, and navigate to waypoints. Share GPS location coordinates.	
Evaluate & Assess canyon watershed using Google Earth or topo map. Correctly identify watershed size and orientation.	
Describe "high ground" and identify possible canyon escape/exit routes.	
Research and Interpret Online Canyon information Resources. Canyon rating and most current conditions.	
Use weather.gov or equivalent weather information website. Find high-low temps, wind speeds, precipitation forecast.	
Find & Interpret local weather radar, water vapor loops & infrared satellite imagery	
Identify and assess flash flooding risks associated with a selected canyon. Size, primary surrounding terrain's material, and condition.	
Canyon First Aid / Evacuation	
Maintain personal safety and patient safety at all times.	
Perform Basic First Aid patient Assessment	
Treat for shock using standard techniques.	
Immobilize/Stabilize lower/upper extremity injury.	
Identify & Effectively treat for Heat and/or Cold Injuries (Hyperthermia / Hypothermia)	
Describe basic Self-Evacuation. Outline how to send for appropriate help if needed.	
Emergency Response	
Activate EMS system, Non-Life threatening Scenario (Personal assistance, Local SAR Emergency Contacts).	
Activate EMS system, Life Threatening or Time Critical Scenario (Local SAR; Medivac).	
Knot Craft	
Tie and inspect; Frost knot.	
Tie and inspect Alpine butterfly.	
Tie and inspect Directional Figure Eight.	
Tie and inspect MMO (Munter-Mule-Overhand)	
Tie and inspect Asymmetric Prusik (with a VT Prusik or equivalent).	

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Anchors	
Understand and apply basic principles of anchor identification, construction techniques, and associated friction. Using DEAR acronym (Dry, Efficient, Accessible, Rope Retrievability).	
Demonstrate techniques to safely back-up and test an anchor before use.	
Identify, assess and rig a single point anchor using a simple loops and cinching hitchs (Girth, wrap 2 / pull 1).	
Identify, construct, rig, and evaluate/test multi-point natural anchors using EARNEST.	
Safely Construct dead man anchors (using rock/stick).	
Set up and use human anchors. Explain scenario for use and proper sequencing. Associated risks.	
Rope Retrieval	
Identify and Mitigate standard rope retrieval challenges with Courtesy rigging.	
Efficiently Lock off and extend Courtesy Rigging Hands Free	
Safely Anchor pull side of partially retrieved stuck rope. Ascend rappel side of a partially retrieved rope (rappel side)	
Rigging	
Set up and use Dynamic Rigging system using blocks and/or Munter-Mule-Overhand (MMO). Describe pros and associated risks of both and steps to mitigate accident or injury.	
Set up and use Static block. Describe pros and risks of using static blocks and steps to avoid accident or injury.	
Set up and use double rope / Toss 'n Go rigging. Describe specific limitations and associated risks.	
Describe methods for safely setting initial rope lengths for A,B and C rated rappels.	
Demonstrate how to safely and efficiently reset / adjust rope length.	
Identify and demonstrate how to change abrasion points to protect rope/webbing from damaging edges.	
Set up and use Hand Line to assist with safe low angle ascending-descending.	
Set up and use a retrievable safety line to protect a traverse.	
Set up and use Dynamic Courtesy Rigging to protect exposed rappel starts. Explain associated risks.	
Belaying	
Set up and use a Self-belay using a VT (auto-block). Below and above rappel device. Understand and explain the pros/cons of each. Describe specific risks associated with auto-blocks.	
Set up and perform a top-rope belay system with hands free back-up A.) Hip belay 40ft or less. B.) Fixed anchor 40ft+.	
Belay a climber-downclimber, with hands free back-up. a.) Hip belay, 15ft or less, b.) Fixed anchor 15ft plus	
Arrest out-of-control rappeler via Bottom Belay.	
Perform a Dynamic Belay (Lowering while maintaining belay).	
Signals / Communication	
Understand and use proper verbal for commands for belaying, rappelling, and up/downclimbing.	
Understand and use proper whistle signals.	
Understand and use proper hand signals.	
Use Radios to communicate verbally.	

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On Rope Techniques, Companion Rescue	
Perform 'Partner Checks' (Safety check) at initial gear-up and at every rappel.	
Ascend a fixed rope using friction hitches; single strand and double strand.	
Ascend a fixed rope using mechanical ascenders; single strand.	
Transition from rappel to ascend and from ascend to rappel.	
Pass a knot while rappelling. Pass a knot while ascending.	
Demonstrate rappelling on a Guided Rappel. Explain safety concerns and mitigation.	
Tension and tie off a guide rope at the bottom anchor.	
Release tensioned Guide line from bottom rigging	
Safely sequence zip lining of equipment past obstacles. Describe applications.	
Perform self rescue from stuck gear mid-rappel.	
Shift Rappeler from rappel line to top rope belay line.	
Release contingency rigging and perform controlled lowering of rappeler with hands free backup.	
Perform controlled rappel up to 250+. Add friction on rappel. Select pack position. Mitigate communication challenges	
Swimming, Jumping, Waterfalls	
Swim-float 100ft in full canyoneering gear. No floatation.	
Jump into pool of water, in full gear. Max distance 8ft. Minimum depth 8ft. Correctly identify hazards and correct body positioning upon entry. *No jumping without 100% safe depth confirmation. Describe job of "DipStick".	
Describe and safely demonstrate basic Waterfall Rappelling Techniques.	
Define basic waterfall/stream hazards such as foot entrapments, strainers, siphons, undercuts, recirculating current and rope entanglement. Describe mitigation protocol.	

Recommendations After Training

- Practice technical skills in low-risk, low angle "slab" type environments, always with a belay. Work in vertical terrain with multiple competent technical partners. Belay at all times!
- Gain critical weather forecasting and map reading/orienteering skills whenever possible. Expand situational knowledge and awareness. Volunteer on local SAR, it's a great opportunity to learn and help others!